

Consulate General of India
Munich

General and Bilateral Brief- Bavaria/ India

Germany's largest and southernmost state is a land rich in natural beauty, cultural heritage, lively traditions and cozy hospitality. The picturesque villages, medieval towns and the Bavarian capital city of Munich are the epitome of authenticity. Opera festivals, the Oktoberfest, hearty snacks in a beer garden, are now worldwide famous. It shares border with Austria, the Czech Republic and – across Lake Constance – with Switzerland. Neighbouring German states are Baden-Württemberg, Hesse, Thuringia and Saxony. The Free State of Bavaria sprawls over 70,551 square kilometers, covers almost one-fifth of the total land area of Germany. It is a home to 12.84 million inhabitants which is 2nd largest of the 16 federal states of Germany. Bavarian population is 8th largest among the 28 other EU countries. **(For more detail: Annexure – 1, 2 & 5).**

Salient Features of Bavaria

1. Geography: Bavaria is a country of high plateaus and medium-sized mountains. The landscape of Bavaria can be subdivided into four major regions: **The Alps**, with the Zugspitze, the highest mountain in Germany at 2,962 meters; **the Alpine foothills** with their numerous lakes; **the Eastern Bavarian central mountains** with the first ever national park in Germany; **the Swabian-Franconian cuesta landscape**. The two major rivers that flow through Bavaria are the Danube (Donau) and the Main. Nature conservation and environmental protection are of high importance, and have been an integral part of the Bavarian constitution since 1984. The German Alpine Association has set itself the task of making the Alps accessible while preserving the alpine environment.

2. Demography: After World War II there was an influx of refugees from the Sudetenland and eastern Europe, where many ethnic Germans had lived for centuries. A significant proportion of Bavaria's population at the beginning of the 21st century was composed of those refugees and their descendants. Beginning in the 1960s, the industrial areas received large numbers of migrant workers from southern Europe. Great changes took place in the religious composition of the population after the war, with a heavy influx of Protestants. In the early 21st century, most Bavarians were Roman Catholics, and Evangelical Lutherans. Now the majority (55%) of the people are Roman Catholics and 25% Protestants. Capital city Munich has a population of more than 1.54 million (as on 2016). A good 52% of population in Bavaria is from different EU countries. Among them Romania shares the highest percentage (7.2) followed by Poland (6.6) and Italy (6.1). The

largest migrant group from outside of the EU comes from Turkey (12.6%). (As on 2015)

3. Government: The Bavarian State has been ruled by the conservative Christian Social Union (CSU) since 1957 and is currently headed by Mr. Horst Seehofer, who was, in the last elections held in 2013, voted back to power. **(For more detail: Annexure – 3).** The Free Democratic Party (FDP), which was CSU's former coalition partner, fared miserably at the 2013 polls, failing to secure even the minimum 5% required to enter Parliament. The ruling CSU got an absolute majority of 48.7% votes, thereby affording them the luxury of forming a Government on their own strength without the need of a coalition partner. The CSU is a sister party of the Christian Democratic Union (CDU) which is a ruling coalition partner at the federal level headed by the present Chancellor, Dr. Angela Merkel. The opposition parties in the State of Bavaria are SPD, the Greens and Free Voters (Freie Wähler - FW). Party position after the 2013 State elections: CSU-101; SPD-42; Free Voters-19 and Allianz'90/The Greens-18; Total – 180 seats. The refugee crisis of 2015-16 is causing friction between CSU and CDU. While the State of Bavaria is ruled by CSU, the present Mayor of Munich City (Mr. Dieter Reiter) is from the SPD party occasionally causing difference of opinion over some issues.

4. Economy: Today, Bavaria is one of the strongest economic regions in Europe. The economic output per resident (Bavaria €43092 as on 2015) is well above the German (€37099 as on 2015) and European averages (€28700 as on 2015), making Bavaria one of the markets with the highest levels purchasing power in the world. The Bavarian economy and its growth are driven by knowledge-based industries and innovations with many of the flagship German brands located in Bavaria. The Bavarian State economy is fueled by the services sector with 64.8% share, industry with 34.5% share and agriculture and forestry accounting for only 0.7% (as on 2016). Natural resources: sand and gravel, natural stone, clay, silica sand etc. Agricultural products: Dairy products, cheese, meat and meat products, sugar, beer, hops, etc. Main industries: automobile industry, mechanical engineering, electrical engineering, electronics, communications, aerospace, IT, renewable energies and energy technologies etc. As a globally active market, Bavaria is home not only to global players such as Adidas, Allianz, Audi, BMW, MTU Aero Engines, MAN and Siemens, Munich Re, Infineon, Osram, Linde but also to a strong basis of small and medium-sized businesses in industry, trades and the service sector. The famous football club FC BAYERN is located in Munich. Since the year 2000, more than 200,000 new jobs have been created in Bavaria - which is the greatest growth in employment among all German states. The unemployment rate in Bavaria is 3.5% (as on March 2017) whereas national rate is 6%.

5. Trade: The state's gross domestic product (GDP) is €568 billion (2016) - which means that Bavaria surpasses 22 of the 28 EU member states and is the second highest among the 16 German states (after North-Rhine Westphalia - € 670 billion). Bavaria holds the second position in terms of total exports (183€ billion as on 2016) & imports (166€ billion, as on 2016). **(For more detail: Annexure – 1 & 2)**

5. Higher Education: Bavarian institutions of higher education provide the best conditions for studies, with costs that are moderate when compared internationally. The bachelor and master study programmes are recognised worldwide, and two (LMU and TUM) out of the nine state universities in Bavaria have earned the right to call themselves "Universities of Excellence". The Bavarian state is also home for world known German research and development institutions, namely, Max Planck, Fraunhofer. The State has the prestigious Goethe Institute promoting German culture and language abroad. Bavaria offers a broad range of interesting fields of study. This is made possible by: 17 state universities of applied sciences 9 state universities 6 state arts academies as well as a number of further institutions of higher education under the trusteeship of communities, churches or private organisations.

6. High-Tech and R&D: In recent years, more than 1,500 high-tech companies have settled here, including a large number of market leaders. In total, there are more than 11,500 technology companies creating an ideal climate for growth and innovation. "Made in Bavaria" is a synonym for quality. That's why products and services from the State of Bavaria are in high demand on the global market. The export ratio in Bavaria's manufacturing industry grew from 40.3 per cent in 2000 to 51.3 per cent in 2012. The backbone of the Bavarian growth is its highly diverse small and medium-sized enterprises, found throughout all of the state's regions. The spectrum ranges from traditional skilled crafts and trades and highly specialised manufacturing services to research and development projects in high-tech fields associated with universities. Bavaria enjoys the top position amongst the patent generators in Germany with 15867 patent applications in 2016.

Indo-Bavarian Relations

General: Germany is a strategic partner for India within the EU and the two countries enjoy close, friendly and growing all-round relationship, both bilaterally and in the multi-lateral context. Germany is the regional leader for trade, investments, and technical knowhow/collaborations for India. In a way, the State of Bavaria could well be considered as an engine-within-engine driving the overall Indo-German relationship.

The People of Bavaria have tremendous goodwill, respect and affection for India. They have historically encouraged promotion of mutual awareness including study of Indian history and philosophy at their major universities. The centre of Indology at the Ludwig Maximilian University in Munich is amongst the oldest in Europe. The year 2005 marked the 500th anniversary of trading contacts between Bavaria and India, when Bavarian business families from the cities of Augsburg/Nuremberg sponsored German trade missions to India as part of a Portuguese voyage in 1505. An important think-tank called the 'Indian Institute' has been working in Munich for over 80 years now. The famous Bavarian company Siemens constructed the first

telegraph line between Calcutta and London in 1866. Built on such solid foundation, the Indo-Bavarian bilateral relationship has been growing exponentially over the last several years, especially since the opening-up of the Indian economy in the early 1990s.

Indo-Bavarian Trade and Economic Ties: Within Germany, Bavaria is a major driving force for the fast-growing trade and economic ties between India and Germany. Bavarian capital, Munich is located in the heart of Europe as a valuable gateway to Central and Eastern Europe. India's two-way trade with Bavaria reached from € 2.11 billion in 2010 to €2.69 billion in 2016, registering an increase of 27.27% per cent. During the period 2010 to 2016, Indian exports to Bavaria have increased from € 734 million to € 1.17 billion, whereas Indian imports from Bavaria surged from € 1.38 billion to € 1.51 billion. In 2016, total trade between India and Bavaria was €2.69 billion, which represents 15.31% of the total Indo-German trade of €17.5 billion. **(See details: Annexure-4)**

Bavaria investment in India: Bavaria-based companies have traditionally considered India as a reliable and promising economic partner. In 2012, this Post issued 16,182 business visas, however, in 2016, 18,547 business visas were issued. This gives an idea of the growing business interest in India. At present, some 350 Bavarian companies have their business ventures in India in different fields. Some of the big names include Siemens, BMW, Audi, MAN, Adidas, Allianz AG, Munich Re, Airbus, Infineon, Wacker Chemie, Osram, Linde, etc. Nearly 1,200 Bavarian companies maintain business relationship with India. Main imported areas are articles of leather & leather clothes; bearings, gears, gearing and driving elements; apparel of cotton (knitted or crocheted fabrics) and Silk; machinery & apparatus for electricity production & distribution; paints & varnishes; furniture; footwear. **(See Fact sheet: Annexure-5)**

Indian investment in Bavaria: Besides encouraging German companies towards India, Bavaria is also very keen to project their State as a preferred destination for potential Indian investments. For this, they opened a representation office of **Invest-in-Bavaria in Bangalore** in 2001, which has been upgraded to full representative office in 2013. Their main Chambers of Commerce and Industry remain actively involved in promoting business awareness through seminars, round-tables, and sector-specific presentations. At present, some 73 Indian companies have invested in Bavaria and the big names are: TCS, Wipro, L&T Infotech, Infosys Ltd, Dr. Reddy's Lab, Aurobindo Pharma, Graphite India, Sona Group, etc. Top Indian Imports items from Bavaria Machinery and apparatus for electricity production, distribution; automotive components, bearing, gears and driving elements; machinery and tool; plastics; measuring and automatic control instruments and appliances, pumps and compressors; medical and surgical equipment and orthopaedic appliances.

Important Visits from India to Bavaria included (i) Prime Minister **Shri Atal Bihari Vajpayee** in May 2003; (ii) Chief Minister of Haryana **Shri Om Prakash**

Chautala in November 2004; (iii) **Shri E.V.K.S. Elangoven**, Minister of State for Commerce and Industry in October 2005; (iv) **Shri Kawkab Hameed**, Tourism Minister of UP in November 2005; (v) **Shri B.S. Yediyurappa**, the then Deputy CM of Karnataka, accompanied by **Shri K.S. Naidu**, the State Minister for Small Scale Industries, in April, 2006; (vi) **Smt. Ambika Soni**, Minister for Tourism and Culture in October, 2006; (vii) **Shri S.K. Shinde**, Union Minister for Power in November, 2006; (viii) **Smt. Panabaka Lakshmi**, MOS Health and Family Welfare in June, 2007; (ix) **Shri C. Chennigappa**, Karnataka Minister of Forest, Ecology and Environment in June, 2007; (x) **Shri P. Chidambaram**, Minister of Finance in September, 2007; (xi) **Dr. Debesh Das**, Minister of IT of West Bengal in Jan. 2008; (xii) **Shri Subodh Kant Sahai**, MOS for Food Processing Industry in Feb. 2008; (xiii) **Shri Nirupam Sen**, West Bengal Minister for Commerce and Industries in April, 2008; (xiv) **Shri N.D. Tiwari**, Governor of Andhra Pradesh, November, 2008; (xv) **Shri Anand Sharma**, Minister of Commerce and Industry, June 2009; (xvi) **Shri Murugesh R. Nirani**, Minister for Large and Medium Industries, Karnataka, June 2009; (xvii) **Shri Kapil Sibal**, Minister for Human Resource Development, June 2009; (xviii) **Shri Prithviraj Chauhan**, Minister of State for Science and Technology, June 2009; (xix) **Shri Shivraj Singh Chouhan**, CM Madhya Pradesh, June 2010; (xx) **Minister of Power & Environment of Goa**, June 2010; (xi) **Shri. Arjun Munda**, Chief Minister of Jharkhand, April 2011; (xii) **Dr. Farooq Abdullah**, Union Minister for New & Renewable Energy, June 2011; (xiii) **Mr. Shibu Baby John**, Minister for Labour and Rehabilitation, Kerala visited Bavaria in November 2011 (xiv) **Mr. P. J Joseph**, Minister for Water Resources, Kerala and **Mr. Umesh V. Katti** Minister for Agriculture, Karnataka, February 2012 and (xv) **Mr Anand Sharma**, Minister of Commerce & Industry January, 2013 (xvi) **Mr K. Chiranjeevi**, Minister for Tourism in March, 2013 (xvii) **Mr Ajay Vishnoi**, Minister for Animal Husbandry, Madhya Pradesh (xviii) Minister for Communication & IT, **Mr Ravi Shankar Prasad** in September, 2014. (xviii) **Shri Manoj Sinha**, Hon'ble Minister of State for Railways visited Munich on 5 April 2016 and visited waste water and rain water treatment plant and Bavarian 'Water protection system of Isar River'. (xix) **Dr. G. Parameshwara**, Home Minister of Karnataka, visited Munich from 20-24 June to enhance cooperation between Bavaria and Karnataka in security and related areas with special focus on "Safe City" concept. **Ms. Mamata Banerjee**, Chief Minister of West Bengal, visited Bavaria from 5-9 September 2016 to seek support for invest in West Bengal and also for West Bengal Global Meet to be held from 20-21 January 2017.

Key Visits from the State of Bavaria to India included (i) Minister-President of Bavaria, **Dr. Edmund Stoiber** in February 2004; (ii) **Mr. Erwin Huber**, Minister of Economic Affairs, Infrastructure, Transport and Technology in October-November, 2006; (iii) Minister-President **Dr. Edmund Stoiber** in April, 2007; (iv) **Dr. Werner Schnappauf**, Bavarian Minister of Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection in May, 2007; (v) A high-level 7-member delegation from the Bavarian Ministry of Health and Consumer Protection in Jan., 2008; (vi) 40-member business delegation led by **Mr. Hans Runck**, the mission-head from the Bavarian

Ministry of Economy in November, 2008; **(vii) Ms. Emilia Mueller**, Bavarian State Minister for Federal and European Affairs, July 2009; **(viii) Dr. Wolfgang Heubisch**, Bavarian State Minister for Science, Research and Art, February 2010; **(ix) Deputy mayor of Nuremberg** visited Mumbai in December 2010. **(x) Visit of a 40 member delegation from the Bavarian Economic Ministry to India in February 2011** led by the permanent secretary in the Bavarian Economic Ministry Dr. Hans Schleicher **(xi) Dr. Markus Soeder, Bavarian Minister for Environment and Health**, visited Bangalore and Kolkata from 17-21 April 2011 **(xii) Bavarian Deputy Minister President and Minister of Economic Affairs, Infrastructure, Transport and Technology, Mr. Martin Zeil**, visited Bangalore in June 2012 to participate in the Global Investors Summit (GIM) organised by the Government of Karnataka in Bangalore. **(xiii) A 27-member delegation from the Bavarian Parliament led by Prof. Ursula Maennle**, Chairperson of the Federal and European Affairs Committee, visited Delhi, Kolkata and Bangalore during 4-12 February 2012 **(xiv) A business delegation led by Ms Katja Hessel**, Deputy Minister for Finance & Affairs visited India in February 2013. A delegation consisting of the Members of Bavarian State Parliament on Municipal Affairs, Internal Security and Sports, headed by Chairman of the Committee **Dr. Florian Hermann** visited India from 16-21 March 2015. The Bavarian Minister for Agriculture, **H.E Mr Helmut Brunner**, visited India from 27 March to 1st April 2015. **H.E. Prof. Dr. Winfried Bausback**, Justice Minister visited New Delhi and Jaipur during 2-3 October 2016.

German Centre, Gurgaon: For facilitating mutual investments, the Bavarian Landes Bank (BLB) in collaboration with the Baden-Wuerttemberg Landes Bank (LBBW) have set-up the German Centre in Gurgaon. The centre has become operational since December 2008 with an area of nearly 8,000 sq. mts. in a centrally located building in Gurgaon.

Bavaria-Bengal Football Cooperation: Reputed Bavarian Soccer Club, FC Bayern Munich, has entered into some arrangement with the Football Clubs from India for cooperation in training and coaching.

India-Bavaria Cultural and Educational Relations: Bavarians have a long standing and genuine affinity for Indian history, culture and tradition. Their Universities have produced several well-known Indologists. The Indology Department at the Ludwig Maximilian University (LMU), Munich, is amongst the oldest in Germany. The Wurzburg University established a Centre for Modern Indian Studies under the German Academic Exchange Services with a special programme called 'A new passage to India'. Bavaria has a series of centres teaching Indian classical dances, yoga, meditation and promoting ayurveda. Indian food is also highly popular. Munich has the reputation of having several well-run Indian restaurants. Bollywood is becoming increasingly popular. There are several local groups promoting Bollywood dancing. The well-known '*Indien Institute*' has been operating from Munich for the last over 80 years and organises cultural and educational programmes regularly. An interesting aspect of the cultural cooperation

between India and Bavaria may be seen in the enthusiasm of the City of Koenigsbrunn which has installed the Mahatma Gandhi Statue in their Town Hall in 2010. The Consulate celebrated GANDHI JAYANTI 2016 at this site. Zee One, the first Bollywood free-to-air channel in Germany featuring Bollywood films and popular Indian TV series was launched on 29th July 2016 in Munich with a view to enhance the perception of India in Germany.

Cooperation in higher education: German Universities in general and the Bavarian Universities in particular are keen to have greater exchanges of scholars, researchers and students in all fields, more so in science and technology. For this, the Hof University of Applied Science has set up a Bavarian-Indian Centre for Business and University Cooperation (BayIND) in July 2009, with an objective to coordinate and promote cooperation between Bavarian and Indian Universities. BayIND is supported by the Bavarian State Ministry of Science, Research and Arts and the Association of the Bavarian Business (VBW). Currently, there are around 14,000 Indian students in various universities and educational institutions in Germany and out of this around 3,037 (2016) Indian students are studying in Bavaria. Bavaria is also promoting an increased number of their students going to India for higher studies. They have instituted three annual Minister-President's scholarships for Bavarian students to study in India. There is also a School to School cooperation between the schools in Bavaria and the schools in India.

Cooperation in Vocational Training: During the April 2013 visit of Prime Minister to Germany for the 2nd round of India-Germany Intergovernmental consultations, many useful MoUs were signed in the areas of Vocational Training and Education, etc with entities from Bavaria such as Hof University of Applied Sciences, and Bavarian Employers' Association. A joint effort by the G.D. Weiler Group has now obtained full accreditation with the Chamber of Commerce (IHK), Nuremberg. Government of Karnataka is in the process of negotiating MOUs for vocational, educational training and skill development with agencies such as BFZ GmbH, BayIND, GDW Werkzeugmaschinen GmbH, and BSI. In 2015, Training and Development Center of the Bavarian Employers' Association (bfz) GmbH has been selected to carry out a project for modernizing the state-owned key institutes for vocational education and training personnel, under a program of Indian Directorate General of Employment & Training (DGE&T). The inter-institutional cooperation with the two master trainer institutions in Bangalore is scheduled for three years. The target areas being welding and mechatronics.

Bavaria-Karnataka Cooperation MoU: During the visit of the then Minister-President of Bavaria, Dr. Edmund Stoiber to Karnataka in April 2007, he signed an MoU with the Chief Minister of Karnataka, Shri H.D. Kumaraswamy for enhanced State-to-State cooperation in the fields of commerce, industry, technology, research, infrastructure, tourism and other related areas. With a view to implementing the objectives of the MoU, the two States (represented by Shri Murugesh R. Nirani, Minister for Large and Medium Industries, Government of Karnataka and Ms. Emilia Mueller, State Minister for Federal and European Affairs in the Bavarian

State Chancellery) have signed a concrete action plan on June 30, 2009, on the margins of the Global India Business Meet (GIBM) 2009 in Munich. The Bavarian State Minister for Federal and European Affairs, Ms. Emilia Mueller, visited Karnataka in July 2009 and signed an implementation programme for joint action on clearly identified projects. The MoU focuses on enhanced cooperation in the areas of science and research, environment, industry, film and media, and education. The visit of **Dr. G. Parameshwara**, Home Minister of Karnataka, to Munich from 20-24 June, 2016 was aimed at giving further impetus to the MOU signed in 2007 and at enhancing cooperation between Bavaria and Karnataka in security and related areas with special focus on “Safe City” concept.

S & T co-operation: The elite Fraunhofer Society established its representative office in Bangalore on 30 October 2012.

Indian Community in Bavaria: According to official figures, Bavaria is home to around 14,700 Indian nationals (2015). The NRI community in Bavaria includes IT professionals; businessmen and traders; restaurant operators; students and researchers. According to the latest figures, there are 3037 Indian students in Bavarian higher education schools/ universities. The Indian community generally commands a great deal of respect for being hard working, progressive, open-minded and tolerant.

Air Links: Bavarian capital Munich is emerging as an important hub for connecting Indian Travellers to various parts of Europe and North America and vice-a-versa. Lufthansa currently operates daily flights from Munich to Delhi as well as Mumbai.

June 2017

Bavaria: Macro-Economic standing within EU

S.No	EU Memembr States	Population* 2016 (Million €)	GDP- 2016 (Billion €)	Exports- 2015 (Billion €)	Imports 2015 (Billion €)
	EU 28	510.2	€15298	€1791	€1727
1.	Germany	82.17	€3133	€1198	€946
2.	France	66.76	€2225	€456	€516
3.	U.K	65.4	€2367	€415	€564
4.	Italy	60.7	€1672	€414	€369
5.	Spain	46.4	€1114	€255	€281
6.	Poland	38.0	€425	€179	€175
7.	Romania	19.8	€170	€55	€63
8.	Netherlands	17.0	€697	€511	€456
9.	Bavaria	12.8	€568	€178	€161
10.	Belgium	11.3	€422	€360	€339
11.	Greece	10.8	€176	€26	€44
12.	Czech Republic	10.55	€174	€143	€127
13.	Portugal	10.3	€185	€50	€60
14.	Sweden	9.9	€462	€126	€125
15.	Hungary	9.8	€112	€89	€83
16.	Austria	8.7	€349	€139	€140
17.	Bulgaria	7.1	€47	€23	€26
18.	Denmark	5.7	€277	€86	€77
19.	Finland	5.5	€214	€54	€54
20.	Slovakia	5.4	€81	€68	€66
21.	Ireland	4.7	€266	€110	€66
22.	Croatia	4.2	€46	€12	€19
23.	Lituania	2.9	€39	€23	€25
24.	Slovenia	2.0	€40	€29	€27
25.	Latvia	1.9	€25	€11	€13
26.	Estonia	1.3	€21	€12	€13
27.	Cyprus	0.8	€18	€2	€5
28.	Luxembourg	0.5	€54	€16	€21
29.	Malta	0.4	€10	€2	€5

Source: Destatis, Eurostat

* Table arranged as per population

Bavaria: Macro-Economic standing within Germany – Year 2016

Sl. No.	Name of the State	Area (Sq. Kms)	Population* (Millions)	GDP (Billion €)	Total Exports (Billion €)	Total Imports (Billion €)
1.	North Rhine Westphalia	34,088	17.86	669.68	179.87	206.72
2.	Bavaria	70,551	12.84	567.97	182.83	166.18
3.	Baden-Württemberg	35,751	10.9	476.76	191.59	161.44
4.	Lower Saxony	47,626	7.93	264.09	85.31	79.05
5.	Hesse	21,114	6.18	269.39	58.59	86.18
6.	Saxony	18,419	4.08	118.46	36.83	21.84
7.	Rhineland Palatinate	19,853	4.05	139.45	52.57	34.60
8.	Berlin	891	3.52	129.45	15.20	11.77
9.	Sleswig Holstein	15,799	2.86	89.23	20.24	20.90
10.	Brandenburg	29,480	2.84	68.51	13.22	15.45
11.	Saxony Anhalt	20,447	2.24	59.38	14.83	14.74
12.	Thuringia	16,172	2.17	60.84	14.35	9.89
13.	Hamburg	755	1.79	110.67	54.05	68.36
14.	Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	23,186	1.61	41.43	7.2	5.36
15.	Saarland	2,568	0.99	35.10	15.48	12.70
16.	Bremen	404	0.67	32.26	19.90	13.29
	Total Germany	357,111	82.17	3132.67	1206.92	960.12

Source: Destatis

* Table arranged as per population

New Bavarian State Government as on 27th January 2016

Ministers	Designation
H.E. Mr. Horst Seehofer	Bavarian Minister President
H.E. Mr. Dr. Marcel Huber	Head of the State Chancellery, State Minister for Federal Affairs and Special Tasks
H.E. Ms. Dr. Beate Merk	State Minister for European Affairs & Regional Relations
H.E. Mr. Joachim Herrmann	2nd Deputy Minister President & State Minister of Interior, Building and Transport
H.E. Mr. Prof. Dr. Winfried Bausback	State Minister for Justice
H.E. Mr. Dr. Ludwig Spaenle	State Minister for Culture & Education, Science & Arts
H.E. Mr. Dr. Markus Söder	State Minister for Finance, State Development & Home
H.E. Ms. Ilse Aigner	1st Deputy Minister President of Bavaria & State Minister of Economic Affairs and Media, Energy and Technology
H.E. Ms. Ulrike Scharf	State Minister for Environment and Consumer Protection
H.E. Mr. Helmut Brunner	State Minister for Food, Agriculture and Forest
H.E. Ms. Emilia Müller	State Minister for Labour & Social Affairs, Family & Integration
H.E. Ms. Melanie Huml	State Minister for Health & Care

Macro-economic data: Bavaria/Baden-Wuerttemberg and Germany**Indo- Bavarian/Baden-Wuerttemberg/German- Trade**

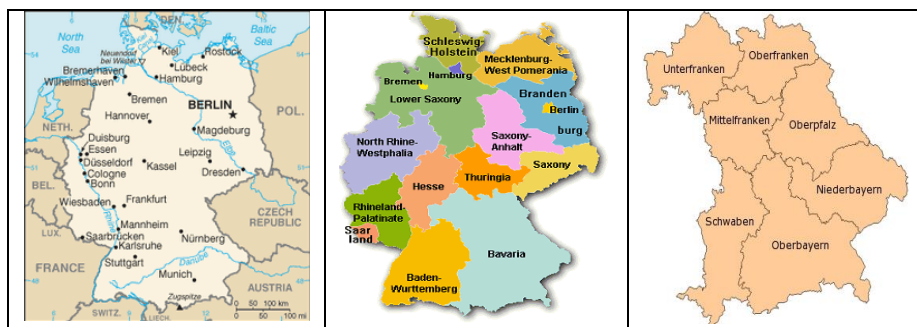
	2010	% change	2012	% change	2014	% change	2016
Indian Exports to Bavaria	734	20.57	885	17.96	1044	12.16	1171
Indian Imports from Bavaria	1378	17.41	1402	-6.34	1313	15.53	1517
Total Trade	2112	8.28	2287	3.06	2357	14.04	2688
Indian Exports to Baden-Wuerttemberg	806	28.41	1035	-4.92	984	-2.33	961
Indian Imports from Baden-Wuerttemberg	1529	5.68	1616	-8.47	1479	16.63	1725
Total Trade	2335	13.53	2651	-7.09	2463	9.05	2686
Indian Exports to Germany	6193	12.93	6994	0.64	7039	10.05	7747
Indian Imports from Germany	9253	12.21	10383	-14.05	8924	9.82	9801
Total Trade	15446	12.50	17377	-8.13	15963	9.92	17548

Total Bavarian/Baden-Wuerttemberg/German Trade

Value in billion Euros & change in % over same period of previous year							
	2010	% Change	2012	% Change	2014	% Change	2016
Bavarian Export	145	13.79	165	1.81	168	8.33	182
Bavarian import	131	12.21	147	2.04	150	10.00	165
Total Trade of Bavaria	276	13.04	312	1.92	318	9.11	347
Export of Baden-Wuertt.	153	15.03	176	2.84	181	5.52	191
Import of Baden-Wuertt.	128	10.93	142	5.63	150	7.33	161
Total Trade of Baden-Wuertt.	281	2.93	318	4.08	331	6.34	352
German Exports	951	15.35	1097	3.28	1133	6.53	1207
German Imports	797	14.05	909	0.77	916	4.80	960
Total Trade of Germany	1748	14.75	2006	2.14	2049	5.75	2167

*values are in million euros

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Fact Sheet : State of Bavaria



Location, Area and Capital City	: South Germany, 70,550 sq Kms and Munich
Population (2016)	: 12.84 million
Minister-President	: Mr. Horst Seehofer (Party: CSU; Since October 2008)
GDP, Germany (2016)/ Bavaria (2016)	: € 3133 billion / € 568 billion
Per-Capita GDP, Germany/ Bavaria (2015)	: €37099/ €43092
Currency	: Euro (1 € = Around 70 Indian Rupees)
Composition of GDP of Bavaria	: Services (66.8%), Manufacturing (32.1%), Agriculture & forestry (1.1%)
Unempl. Rate of Bavaria (March 2017)	: 3.5% (For Germany it is 6%)
Inflation rate of Bavaria (March 2017)	: 1.7 % (Germany 1.6%)
Total Trade 2016	
Germany's Global Trade (Export/Import)	: Exports: €1207 billion & Imports € 960 billion
Germany's Total Global Trade	: € 2167 billion
Bavaria's Global Trade (Export/Import)	: Exports: €182 billion & Imports €165 billion
Bavaria's Total Global Trade	: €347 billion
Bilateral Trade 2016	
Indo-German Trade (Export/Import)	: Exports to India €9.8 bn/ Imports from India €7.7 bn
Total Indo-German Trade	: €17.5 billion
Indo-Bavarian Trade(Export/Import)	: Exports to India €1.51 bn/ Imports fr India €1.17 bn
Total Indo-Bavarian Trade	: €2.68 billion
Major Industries in Bavaria	: Automobile, Heavy Engineering, Power, Electronics, Communications, Aerospace, IT, Health Science, etc
Major Indian Exports to Bavaria	: Articles of Leather & Leather clothes; Bearing, gears, gearing and driving elements; Apparel of cotton (Knitted or crocheted fabrics) and Silk; Machinery & Apparatus for electricity production & distribution; Paints & Varnishes; Furniture; Footwear
Major Indian Imports from Bavaria	: Machinery and apparatus for electricity production, distribution; Automotive components, bearing, gears and driving elements; Machinery and Tool; Plastics; Measuring and automatic control instruments and appliances, pumps and Compressors; Medical and surgical equipment and orthopaedic appliances
Major Bavarian Companies in India	: Siemens, BMW, Audi, MAN, Adidas, Allianz, Munich Re, Osram, Infineon, Linde, etc
Major Indian Companies in Bavaria	: TCS, Wipro, L&T Infotech, Dr Reddy's Lab, Torrent Pharma, Graphite India, Sona Group, etc
Indian Community	: 14,800 Indians